



Date: 26-04-2025

Dept. No.

Max. : 100 Marks

Time: 09:00 AM - 12:00 PM

**SECTION A**

**Answer ANY FOUR of the following.**

**(4 × 10 = 40)**

1. (a) State the major assumptions of classical mechanics.  
(b) A cricket ball weighing 100g is to be located within 0.1 Å. What is the uncertainty in its velocity?  
(6+4)
2. (a) State the postulates of quantum mechanics.  
(b) Identify the acceptable wave function and justify: (i)  $-x^2$  (ii)  $\cos \theta$ .  
(5+5)
3. (a) Write the group multiplication table for  $C_{3v}$  point group.  
(b) What are abelian point groups? Cite an example.  
(6+4)
4. (a) State and explain laws of photochemistry.  
(b) What is meant by chemiluminescence? Cite an example.  
(6+4)
5. (a) Explain the mechanism of photosynthesis.  
(b) A sample of gaseous HI was irradiated by light of wavelength 275 nm when 310 J of energy was found to decompose  $1.8 \times 10^{-3}$  mole of HI. Calculate the quantum yield for the dissociation of HI.  
(6+4)
6. Discuss the kinetics of the following photochemical reaction:  $H_2(g) + Cl_2(g) \rightarrow 2 HCl$ .
7. How will you determine the surface area using Langmuir and BET adsorption isotherm?
8. Explain the following:  
(i) Brownian motion (ii) Critical Micelle concentration (iii) Schultz-Hardy rule.

**SECTION B**

**Answer ANY THREE of the following.**

**(3 x 20 = 60)**

9. (a) Derive time-independent Schrodinger wave equation.  
(b) Explain quantum theory of radiation using Planck's theory.  
(10+10)
10. (a) Predict the point group for the following molecules and determine molecules with significant dipole moment values: (i) Benzene (ii)  $NH_3$  (iii)  $CO_2$   
(b) What are the rules for forming the groups? What are isomorphous groups?  
(10+10)
11. (a) Derive the expressions for wave function and energy for a particle in 1-D box of length  $l$ .  
(b) What are classes? Identify the order and number of classes present in the  $CHCl_3$  molecule.  
(c) What are symmetry elements and symmetry operations?  
(10+5+5)
12. (a) Describe the various factors that affect fluorescence emission.  
(b) With a neat sketch of Jablonski diagram, explain the various radiative and non-radiative processes.  
(c) Illustrate the differences between photochemical and thermal reactions.  
(6+10+4)
13. (a) Derive Stern-Volmer equation for quenching of fluorescence. Mention its significance.  
(b) Explain the salient features of uranyl oxalate and ferric oxalate actinometers in predicting quantum yield.  
(10+10)
14. (a) Explain the postulates of Langmuir's unimolecular theory of adsorption and derive an expression for Langmuir adsorption isotherm.  
(b) Discuss the applications of colloids in detail.  
(10+10)

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